In the context of funding resear	ch prop	osals f	or MAF	MC, ho	w impo	rtant r	esearch	n propo	sals co	mpared	to the	criteria
Passarch Proposal / Critoria	Species	ic Imp	ortant									
Research Proposal / Criteria  Criterion Weighting	Species (*0.18) Bluefish (*0.18)	Tilefish (.014)	ortant (.009)	Ocean Quahog (.0	Summer flounder	Black sea bass (.01	Scup (.007)	Atlantic mackerel	Butterfish (.018)	Illex (.014)	Loligo (.013)	Spiny Dogfish (.01
General Research Needs		-	S	U	S	ш.	S	٩	<u> </u>	=		S
Collect accurate size and age composition of commercial and recreational catch (especially the discarded component of the catch) to develop catch at age matrices for all managed stocks; estimate mortality of discards by gear type												
Implement novel supplemental surveys to derive fishery independent indices of abundance (where appropriate; see species specific needs below)												
Develop assessment models to support fishery management control rules for data poor stocks (i.e., use fishery dependent data)												

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Build the regional capacity within governmental agencies and academia to undertake management strategy evaluations of MAFMC managed stocks to evaluate management performance								
Develop bio-economic models to support fishery management								
Establish a framework for risk analysis of alternative harvest policies								
Incorporate ecosystem level data (predator/prey interactions, trophic dynamics, etc.) into single and multispecies assessment and management models								
Investigate effects of climate change on ecosystems and fisheries they support								
Review and improve capacity for social and economic impact analyses, including updated data on fisheries organization and structure, participation, community linkages; for regular FMP work and at scales appropriate for ecosystembased management								
Quantify uncertainty in biological reference points  Bluefish								

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Evaluate amount and length						
frequency of discards from the						
commercial and recreational						
fisheries						
Collect data on size and age						
composition of the fisheries by						
gear type and statistical are						
fishery-independent sampling						
Develop bluefish index surveys						
(proof of concept), including						
abundance/biomass trend						
estimates for the offshore						
populations in winter						
Tilefish						
Investigate the effects of hook						
size and other fishing practices						
(i.e., bait type soak time, etc.)						
on catchability of tilefish in the						
longline fishery						
Collect data on spatial						
distribution and population size						
structure						
Explore the influence of water						
temperature and other						
environmental factors on the						
trend in the commercial fishery						
CPUE index of stock						
abundance						
Surfclams						
Develop of						
Develop a forward-projecting,						
age-structured stock assessment						
model based estimate of						
abundance and investigate						
model formulations that						
accommodate spatial						
heterogeneity						
Consider using year-, region- or						
episodic natural mortality rates						

Consider the potential impacts						
of climate change on the natural						
mortality of the surfclam						
resource given recent trends						
Determine factors that control						
recruitment success in surf						
clams (i.e., predation or						
environmental factors)						
Determine how much of						
Georges Bank is suitable						
habitat for surfclams, and if						
depletion and selectivity						
experiments done in the mid-						
Atlantic are applicable to the						
Georges Bank region						
Ocean Quahog						
Carry out simulations to						
determine optimum proxies for						
Fmsy and Bmsy in ocean						
quahogs, given their unusual						
biological characteristics						
Improve estimates of biological						
parameters for age, growth						
(particularly of small						
individuals), and maturity for						
ocean quahogs in both the EEZ						
and in Maine waters						
Investigate model formulations						
that accommodate spatial						
heterogeneity						
Additional age and growth						
studies are required to						
determine if extreme longevity						
(e.g. 400 years) is typical or						
unusual and to refine estimates						
of natural mortality. Similarly,						
additional age and growth						
studies over proper geographic						
scales could be used to						
investigate temporal and spatial						
recruitment patterns						
Summer Flounder						

Expand the collection of										
otoliths on an ongoing basis to										
include all components of the										
catch-at-age matrix, particularly										
for fish larger than 60 cm (~7										
years; could provide a better										
indicator of stock productivity)										
Conduct inter-lab aging										
calibration studies between										
NEFSC and state agencies										
D 1 C 11 C										
Develop a reference collection										
of summer flounder scales and										
otoliths to facilitate future										
quality control of summer										
flounder production aging										
Collect information on overall										
fecundity for the stock (egg										
condition and production) to										
serve as an indicator of stock										
productivity										
productivity										
Investigate trands in sev ratios										
Investigate trends in sex ratios and mean lengths and weights										
of summer flounder in state										
agency surveys catches										
Evaluate selectivity patterns in										
trawl gear as a function of mesh										
size										
Evaluate current summer										
flounder management measures,										
especially in the recreational										
fishery as they relate to sex										
specific mortality										
Black Sea Bass										
Evaluate alternative indices of										
stock abundance										
Validate ageing methods (scales										
v. otoliths) and initiate routine										
aging of black sea bass in										
survey collections to investigate										
the magnitude of year effects										
Tagging studies should be						 		 		
initiated to obtain return rates										
over longer periods										
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At -sea samples need to be obtained to improve understanding of the timing of sex change over years in order to study the potential influence of population size on sex switching (may have implications for overfishing						
BRPs)						
Evaluate management approaches appropriate for species with protogynous life histories						
Conduct stock identification research to identify population subgroups and the extent of mixing						
Scup						
Evaluate indices of stock abundance						
Expand age sampling of scup from commercial and recreational catches, with special emphasis on the acquisition of large specimens						
Conduct biological studies to investigate factors affecting annual availability of scup to research surveys and maturity schedules						
Improve estimates of discards and discard mortality for commercial and recreational fisheries						
Explore the utility of incorporating ecological relationships, predation, and oceanic events that influence scup population size on the continental shelf and its availability to the resource survey into the assessment model						
Atlantic Mackerel						
Explore patterns in consumption as an additional index of abundance						

Collaborate with industry to explore the spatial and temporal pattern and variability in catch to evaluate issues of abundance and availability  Explore opportunities for the development of alternative indices of abundance  Attempt to develop estimates of						
total stock abundance						
total stock abundance						
Initiate broad scale international egg surveys covering potential spawning habitat that is consistently representative of the total stock area, including the shelf break. Investigate potential to conduct work in cooperation with commercial fishing industry (priority: high, long term)						
Explore spatial distribution of stock relative to the mixing of the northern and southern 'contingents' of mackerel i.e. tagging, genetics, chemical assay, microchemistry of otoliths (priority: high, mediumlong term)						
Explore influence of environmental factors on spatial distribution of the stock e.g. rate of mixing and distribution of stock relative to the survey area (high priority, short term)						
Extend predation estimates to include DFO data and entire predator spectrum (marine mammals, highly migratory species)						
Examine methodology for incorporating consumption estimates in the assessment						

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Quantify the magnitude of							
additional sources of mortality							
in Canada including the bait							
fishery, recreational catch and							
discards (high priority; short							
term)							
Exploration of bottom trawl							
characteristics for catchability							
of mackerel							
of macketer							
Participate with industry in							
investigating the contemporary							
overlap of survey stock area,							
commercial fishery, and							
mackerel distribution and							
explore historical databases for							
the same purpose to better							
understand interpretation of							
abundance indices (survey,							
cpue) (medium term)							
epue) (medium term)							
Collaborate with industry to							
investigate alternative sampling							
gear (i.e. jigging) to survey							
adult abundance (long term)							
Explore MARMAP database							
relative to spatial distribution of							
survey indices							
Investigate alternative							
assessment models that							
incorporate spatial structure							
(i.e. northern and southern							
contingents, different age							
groups)							
Explore alternative assessment							
models that incorporate							
covariates							
Initiate a technical TRAC WG							
in order to advance and monitor							
progress of research							
recommendations	i I						-
Butterfish							

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Explore the utility of incorporating ecological relationships, predation, and oceanic events that influence butterfish population size on the continental shelf and its availability to the resource survey into the assessment model						
Explore the use of an age-based model or other approaches for future assessments						
A study of growth, morphometrics, distribution and other biological attributes of inshore and offshore components of the butterfish population should be conducted						
Illex						
Collect demographic information on growth, mortality, reproduction by sex, season, and cohort						
Consider a length-based assessment with a sub-annual time step, undertaking cooperative research with the fishing industry						
Expand investigations into oceanographic correlates with trends in recruitment and abundance						
Investigate range and range dynamics at depths >185 m.						
Refine between-vessel survey calibration estimate for <i>Illex</i> and consider a size-based calibration						
Analyze the change in availability of <i>Illex</i> to the survey and fishery, resulting from long-term changes in climate or other oceanographic factors						
Consider an <i>Illex</i> index standardization for the NEFSC trawl survey						

Loligo								
<i>9</i> -								
Explore alternative weightings of semi-annual surveys other								
than simple averaging								
Expand age and growth studies								
to better estimate average growth patterns and to discern								
seasonal								
productivity/catchability								
patterns								
Improve the spatial resolution,								
coverage and accuracy of								
commercial catch data								
Explore the utility of incorporating ecological								
relationships, predation, and								
oceanic events that influence								
Loligo population size on the continental shelf and its								
availability to the resource								
survey into the assessment								
model								
Spiny Dogfish								
Revise the assessment model to								
investigate the effects of stock								
abundance, sex ratio and size of								
pups on birth rate and first year survival of pups								
survivar or pups								
Initiate a large scale								
[international] tagging program								
consisting of conventional external tags, data storage tags,								
and satellite pop-up tags to help								
clarify movement patterns and								
migration rates								
Investigate the distribution of								
spiny dogfish beyond the depth								
range of current NEFSC trawl								
surveys, possibly using								
experimental research or supplemental surveys								
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Initiate aging studies for spiny dogfish age structures (e.g., fin spines) obtained from all sampling programs (include additional age validation and age structure exchanges) and conduct an aging workshop for spiny dogfish, encouraging participation by NEFSC, NCDMF, Canada DFO, other interested state agencies, academia, and other international investigators with an interest in dogfish aging (US and Canada Pacific Coast, ICES)							
Investigate population genetic structure with emphasis on identifying discreet breeding populations and the extent of mixing  Column Total							0

0% of criterion weighting = doesn't meet criterion at all 25% of criterion weighting = slightly meets criterion 50% of criterion weighting = somewhat meets criterion 75% of criterion weighting = mostly meets criterion 100% of the criterion weighting = fully meets criterion

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